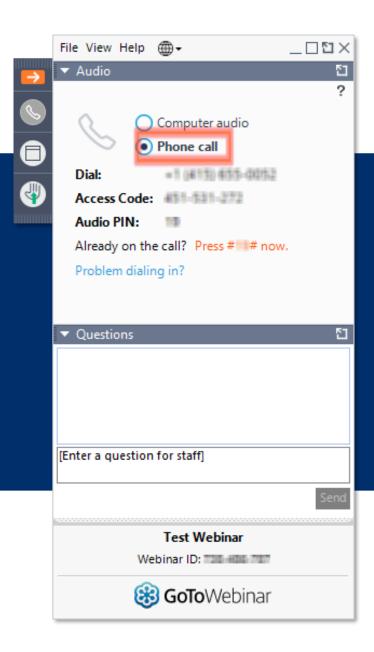


Navigating the Minefields of 2020 for Employers





- Select "Computer audio" to join via VOIP
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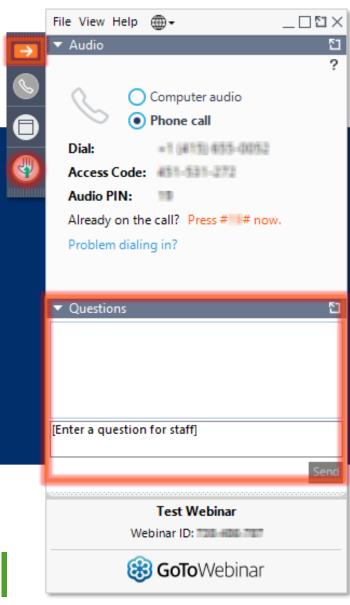


Audio Instructions



- Grab Tab
- Handouts
- Questions







Objectives

- COVID-19 update Ohio's immunity law and continued risks
- Handling politics in the workplace
- Employment law and election day
- Update on IRS SECURE Act guidance
- Overview of small business credit for automatic contribution arrangement
- Review of SECURE Act amendment deadlines







Mark J. Chumley

Partner Labor & Employment

mchumley@kmklaw.com 513.579.6563



Lisa Wintersheimer Michel

Partner
Employee Benefits & Executive Compensation

Imichel@kmklaw.com 513.579.6462

Meet the Speakers



Labor & Employment

Topics:

• Immunity Laws on Litigation

Politics in the Workplace

Election Day and Voting Laws





COVID-19 Litigation Explosion

- Safety Claims
- Disability discrimination
- Wage and hour
- Leave Related Claims
- Wrongful discharge
- Race/national origin discrimination
- Age discrimination
- Wrongful Discharge
- Retaliation

Legislative Response

- Proposed Federal Law:
 - SAFE TO WORK Act (S.4317)
 - [Safeguarding America's Frontline Employees To Offer Work Opportunities Required to Kickstart the Economy]

Goals:

- Lessen the burdens on interstate commerce by discouraging insubstantial lawsuits relating to COVID-19;
- Preserving the ability of individuals and businesses that have suffered real injury to obtain complete relief.





State Immunity Laws:

- Georgia
- Iowa
- Kansas
- Kentucky
- Louisiana
- Massachusetts
- Mississippi
- Nevada
- New Jersey

- New York
- North Carolina
- Oklahoma
- Tennessee
- Utah
- Wisconsin
- Wyoming
- And others . . .

State Executive Orders:

- Arkansas
- Alabama



Ohio:

- Gov. DeWine signed H.B. 606 into law on September 14, 2020
 - Provides immunity for businesses from customers and employees bringing lawsuits alleging exposure, transmission, or contraction of COVID-19 in a place of business
 - Exception if owner's or employer's actions amounted to reckless conduct or willful misconduct

Typical Components of State Immunity Laws:

- 1. Immunity for claims based on exposure, transmission, or contraction of COVID-19 in a place of business;
- 2. Exception for conduct that is intentional, willful, reckless, etc.





Limitations of Immunity Statutes

- Claims Covered = Narrow
- Claims Not Covered = Broad
 - Examples:
 - Leave Related Claims
 - Disability Discrimination and Accommodation Claims
 - Reductions in Force (RIF)





Takeaways:

- Immunity laws are good for employers but . . .
- Employers must remain vigilant of COVID-19 risks





Politics in the Workplace

Applicable Laws:

- First Amendment Rights Freedom of Speech
 - Public v. Private Sector
- Federal Laws
 - NLRA
 - Title VII, ADA, ADEA, etc.
- State Laws
 - Lawful conduct
 - Non-retaliation (e.g. party membership, political speech, activity, etc.)
 - Limits on employer action
 - Connecticut



Politics in the Workplace

Common Scenarios:

- Dress Code Issues
- Social Media
- Proselyting, campaigning, debating

<u>Takeaways</u>

- Don't ignore issues
- Get help



Election Day and Voting Laws

- 30 States have Election Day or voting laws
- Typical provisions
 - Time off
 - Notice required/not required
 - Non-retaliation
 - Paid/unpaid



Election Day and Voting Laws

- Ohio:
 - Reasonable time to vote;
 - Cannot compel person to vote certain way;
 - Cannot refuse to allow service as election official.
- Kentucky:
 - Reasonable time/not less than 4 hours;
 - Employer may decide time;
 - One day notice required.
- Indiana: No law





Employee Benefits & Executive Compensation

Topics - IRS Notice 2020-68

- Eligibility for long-term, part-time employees
- Qualified birth or adoption distribution
- Small business credit for EACA

Plan amendments



Overview of Notice

- Provides general guidance
- Not intended to be comprehensive guidance
- Intended to help with implementation of specific provisions
- IRS seeking comments by November 2, 2020
- Regulations expected





Long-term, Part-time Employees

• 500 hours of service for 3 consecutive years

Special vesting rules

 Exception for periods before January 1, 2021 applies only for 401(k) deferrals, not vesting





Qualified Birth or Adoption Distributions ("QBAD")

- Excluded from 10% early withdrawal tax
- Up to \$5,000 within one year of birth or adoption
- Applies to adoption of child who is under age 18 or is not capable of self-support, but not a step-child
- Each parent eligible for separate distribution
- May recontribute any portion of a QBAD
- Recontribution treated as direct transfer of eligible rollover distribution



QBAD, continued

- May rely on reasonable representations from the individual
- Not required to offer a direct rollover
- A § 402(f) notice (explaining rollover rules) is not required
- No requirement to withhold 20% of the distribution
- Participant may treat a distribution as a QBAD even if plan doesn't allow a QBAD. Participant may recontribute the amount to an IRA.





Small Business Credit for EACA

- \$500 business credit for EACA
- "Eligible employer" is generally under 100 employees
- Credit for taxable years only during a single 3-year credit period that begins when the employer first includes an EACA
- Same EACA must be in the same plan for the 2nd and 3rd taxable year
- Credit applies separately to each eligible employer that participates in a multiple employer plan ("MEP").





SECURE Act Amendments

• Amendment must be adopted no later than the last day of the first plan year beginning on or after January 1, 2022 (or 2024 for governmental or collectively bargained plans).

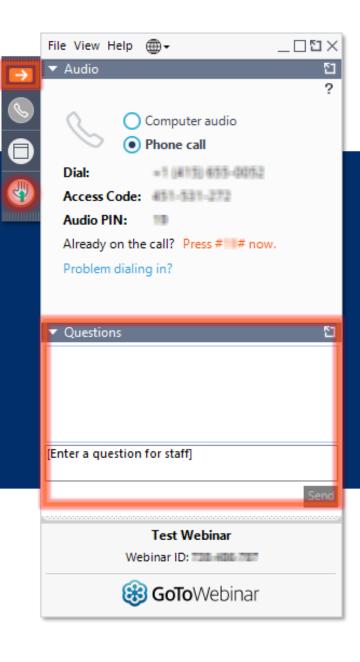
 Deadline to amend applies to both required and discretionary plan amendments





Please type your message/question in the window pane of the attendee control panel.

Questions?







Mark J. Chumley

Partner Labor & Employment

mchumley@kmklaw.com 513.579.6563



Lisa Wintersheimer Michel

Partner
Employee Benefits & Executive Compensation

Imichel@kmklaw.com 513.579.6462

Contact Us



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 Response Team's most recent insights
 and analysis under the News & Resources
 and Blogs tabs.
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- Follow our Management Rights Blog

Monthly Minute

Employee Benefits & Executive Compensation

By: Lisa Wintershimer Michel, John F. Meisenhelder, Helana A. Darrow, Antoinette L. Schindel, and Kelly E. MacDonald

Most of us are familiar with the changes related to COVID-19 legislation including the CARES Act. In this Monthly Minute, we are highlighting some practical CARES Act administrative items that you will want to consider as well as pre-pandemic benefits changes and issues that can help guide plan sponsors through the long road ahead.



READ MORE

Additional Resources



Cole D. Bond

KMK Law Partner 513.579.6558 cbond@kmklaw.com

Kasey L. Bond KMK Law Partner

513.579.6491

kbond@kmklaw.com

Melanie Cheek

KMK Law Associate 513.579.6445

mcheek@kmklaw.com

Mark J. Chumley

KMK Law Partner 513.579.6563 mchumley@kmklaw.com

John M. Milligan

KMK Law Associate 513.579.6532

jmilligan@kmklaw.com

Caroline K. Musekamp

KMK Law Associate 513.579.6571

cmusekamp@kmklaw.com

Gregory J. Robinson

KMK Law Associate

grobinson@kmklaw.com

T: 513.579.6584

Labor & Employment



Helana A. Darrow

KMK Law Partner 513.579.6452 hdarrow@kmklaw.com

Kelly E. MacDonald

KMK Law Associate 513.579.6409

kmacdonald@kmklaw.com

John F. Meisenhelder

KMK Law Partner 513.579.6914

jmeisenhelder@kmklaw.com

Lisa Wintersheimer Michel

KMK Law Partner 513.579.6462 Imichel@kmklaw.com Antoinette L. Schindel

KMK Law Partner 513.579.6473

aschindel@kmklaw.com

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